# Non-relieving models for air and water service <br> Relieving models for air service allow reduction of outlet pressure even when the system is dead-ended <br> R14 has aluminum body and bonnet <br> R16 has brass body and bonnet <br> Factory preset, tamper resistant pressure setting 

## Technical data

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Fluid:
R14: Compressed air, neutral gases
NOTE: Contact technical support for use with other media.
R16: Water and compressed air Maximum inlet pressure: 400 psig (27 bar)

## Operating temperature

Water service: $35^{\circ}$ to $175^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ $\left(2^{\circ}\right.$ to $\left.79^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \dagger$
Air service: $-30^{\circ}$ to $175^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$
$\left(-34^{\circ} \text { to } 79^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)^{\star}$

* Air supply must be dry enough to avoid ice formation at temperatures below $35^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$. $\dagger$ R16 bras bonnet \& body combination max temp. $200^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$. Type
R14: Piston, relieving or non-relieving R16: Diaphragm, relieving or non-relieving


## Gauge ports:

1/8" PTF

| Factory preset outlet pressure | Inlet pressure: |
| :--- | :--- |
| settings: | 100 psig ( 6.9 bar) for outlet |
| 3 to 99 psig ( 0.2 to 6.8 bar) | pressures up through 95 psig |
| Outlet pressure tolerance: | ( 6.6 bar) |
| Outlet pressure setting - psig (bar) | 125 psig ( 8.6 bar) for outlet |
| Tolerance - psig (bar)** | pressures of 96 through 99 psig |
| 3 to 20 psig ( 0.21 to 1.38 bar) $\pm$ | ( 6.7 through 6.8 bar) |
| 1.0 psig ( 0.07 bar) 21 to 50 psig | Materials |
| $(1.45$ to 3.45 bar) $\pm 2.0$ psig | Body and bonnet |
| (0.14 bar) | R14: aluminum |
| 51 to 99 psig ( 3.52 to 6.84 bar) | R16: brass |
| $\pm 3.0$ psig ( 0.21 bar) | Valve: brass, nitrile |
| $\star *$ When outlet pressure is preset at the | Valve seat: acetal resin |
| factory, the following conditions exist | Elastomers: nitrile |

## Ordering information

Models listed are relieving type for compressed air service with PTF threads and with gauge ports.

| ISO Symbols | Port | Model | Flow $\dagger$ scfm (dm3/s) | Flowt† U.S. gpm (lpm) | Weight lb (kg) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\stackrel{\leftrightarrow}{\gtrless}$ | 1/8" PTF | R14-100-R**A | 12 (5.7) | 1.3 (4.9) | 0.2 (0.09) |
|  | 1/8" PTF | R16-100-R**A | 12 (5.7) | 1.3 (4.9) | 0.7 (0.32) |
|  | 1/4" PTF | R14-200-R**A | 12 (5.7) | 1.3 (4.9) | 0.2 (0.09) |
| Relieving Non relieving | 1/4" PTF | R16-200-R**A | 12 (5.7) | 1.3 (4.9) | 0.7 (0.32) |

[^0]
** The 8th and 9th positions of the model number contain the Modified Outlet Pressure Setting. The Modified Outlet Pressure Setting is the desired outlet pressure, modified to allow for inlet pressures other than 100 psig, and for flows other than zero. Insert the modified outlet pressure setting in positions 8 and 9 as described below.

1. Write down the desired outlet pressure and the flow through the regulator. EXAMPLE: 30 psig outlet pressure at 10 scfm flow.
2. Modifications for inlet pressures other than 100 psig: If inlet pressure exceeds $100 \mathrm{psig}^{*}$, add 1 psig to the desired outlet pressure for each 20 psig the inlet pressure is above 100 psig*. EXAMPLE: If the inlet pressure is 180 psig , add 4 to the desired outlet pressure. Following through with the example in step 1 , add 4 to 30 for a modified outlet pressure setting of 34 psig. If inlet pressure is less than 100 psig$^{*}$, subtract 1 psig from the desired outlet pressure for each 20 psig the inlet pressure is below 100 psig* $^{*}$. EXAMPLE: If the inlet pressure is 60 psig, subtract 2 from the desired outlet pressure. Following through with the example in step 1 , subtract 2 from 30 for a modified outlet pressure setting of 28 psig.
3. Modifications for flows other than zero: Determine the pressure drop from the appropriate flow curve above. Add the pressure drop to the modified outlet pressure setting. EXAMPLE: If the desired outlet pressure is 30 psig at a flow of 10 scfm, add 10 to the modified outlet pressure setting. The quantity of 10 is the difference between the outlet pressure ( 30 psig ) at the desired flow (10 scfm) and outlet pressure (40 psig) at no flow. See dashed lines on the air flow curve for example. Following through with the first example in Step 2 above, add 10 to the 34 to obtain a modified outlet pressure setting of 44 . Enter 44 in the 8th and 9th positions of the model number.

* 125 psig for outlet pressure settings of 95 through 99 psig.


## Typical Performance Characteristics





[^0]:    $\dagger$ Approximate flow with 100 psig (7 bar) inlet pressure, 80 psig 5.5 bar) set pressure and a 15 psig ( 1 bar ) droop from set.
    $\dagger \dagger$ Approximate flow with 100 psig (7 bar) inlet pressure, 60 psig (4 bar) set pressure and a 15 psig (1 bar) droop from set.

