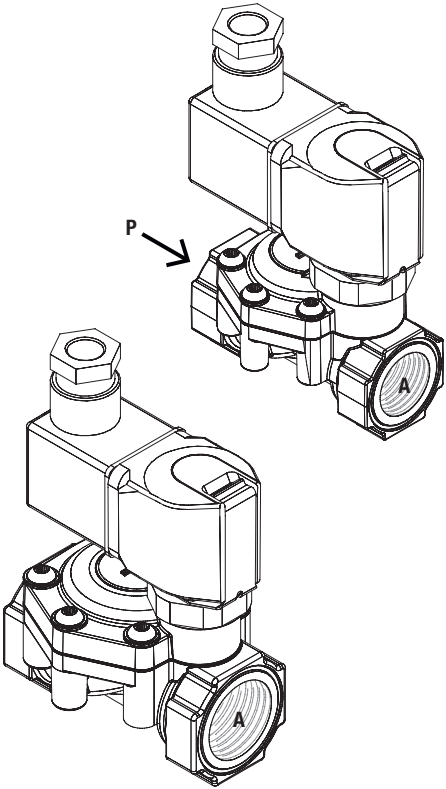


Mounting instructions for pre-controlled diaphragm valves

Document No. EN1377027M0 Revision: 4

Keep documentation for future use!



Series

84070 **84080** ^N ^N NPT thread

1 About this documentation

These mounting instructions guides you to mount pre-controlled diaphragm valves safely and to put them into operation.

1.1 Documentation validity

These mounting instructions applies to pre-controlled diaphragm valves of series

- 84070 (G thread)
- 84080 (NPT thread)

These mounting instructions are intended for: plant operators, installers, maintenance and service technicians.

1.2 Structure of safety instructions

Safety instructions warn against dangerous situations and must be observed in particular. Safety instructions are structured as follows:

SIGNAL WORD

Type of hazard

Consequences of non-observance

→ Precautions necessary to avoid the hazard

1.3 Hazard classes (ANSI Z535.6)

⚠ DANGER

Safety information indicates a hazardous situation with high risk which, if not avoided, will certainly result in death or (serious) injury.

⚠ WARNING

Safety information indicates a hazardous situation with moderate risk which, if not avoided, can cause death or severe injury.

⚠ CAUTION

Safety information indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Information indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result damage to property.

1.4 Styles and symbols

This documentation uses the following styles and symbols:

| | |
|----------|--------------------------------|
| • | list |
| → | instruction |
| 1. | preset order of instructions |
| 1 | flexible part number (section) |

⚠ + **DANGER / WARNING / CAUTION**;
NOTICE: embedded safety message

given limits or fixed value

1.5 Intended use

The valve is solely intended to control or stop a fluid flow within approved operating limits. The fluid must only flow through the valve in the determined flow direction.

You may only operate the valve with fluids that will not cause any chemical reaction with the valve' materials or lead to abrasive effects.

1.6 Improper use

Only operate the valve within approved operating limits.

In the following cases it is prohibited to operate the valve:

- The valve is not used for the designated purpose.
- The valve is used beyond the permitted operating limits. The permitted temperature and pressure ranges are exceeded.
- Damages to the valve – e.g. cracks, deformation – were detected but the valve remains in operation.
- Malfunctions were detected but the valve remains in operation.

We do not accept any liability for damages caused by improper use.

Our guarantee expires in the following cases:

- Undue intervention and altering are done to the valve.
- This documentation or the operating limits as shown in the data sheet are not observed.

1.7 Obligations of operator

Product

- Over the entire life cycle of the valve all applicable regulations must be observed. The instructions of this operation manual must be observed and followed.
- Initiate a risk assessment of the overall installation, to detect potential dangers that may occur in combination of the valve with other components.

Persons

- Initiate the instruction of each person who is working with the valve. Applicable regulations about occupational safety ad safety engineering must be known and applied.

Documentation

- This documentation must be fully read and understood.
- The instructions given in this operation manual must be put into practice.
- This documentation must be available at any time.

1.8 Personnel qualification

- Ensure as operator that persons who work on or with the valve are sufficient qualified for this job.
- Comprehensively train the operating personnel in terms of safety.
- Only allow trained specialists to perform electric connections, commissioning, maintenance and trouble shooting

Demands

Operating personnel must be instructed on operational sequences and procedures.

Operating personnel must know its responsibilities regarding the work to be performed.




Trained specialists must possess profound knowledge in mechanical engineering, electrical engineering, hydraulic and pneumatic.

Trained specialists must be authorized to commission, ground and designate devices, systems and power circuits according to the standards of safety technology.

Trained specialists must possess profound knowledge about design and principle of operation of the valves and the plant.

1.9 Personal protection equipment

- Wear appropriate protection equipment. Observe the personal protection equipment as requested in “residual risks” (refer to chapter **2**).

| | |
|---|---|
|  | Protective eye glasses to protect from escaping fluids or exhausting compressed air |
|  | Protective gloves Resistance to cutting to protect from sharp edges or ridges; resistance to acids to protect from hazardous fluids |
|  | Protective footwear to protect from parts or tools falling down |

2 General safety instructions

These safety instructions are only related to the single valve. In combination with other plant components there may be other potential dangers, which must be taken into account by carrying out a risk analysis for the system.

- Compare the details on the rating plate and data sheet to the operating data. The particular application must not exceed the given limits (e.g. pressure, temperatures).
- You must depressurize the pipe system and de-energize the solenoid prior to perform mounting and maintenance works.
- Prime the valve slowly when commissioning. Fast pressurizing will cause the valve to open briefly.
- Strength tests with the valve seat open are permitted maximum up to 1.5 times of the nominal pressure rating (PN) at room temperature. Do not operate valve during test.

⚠ DANGER



Hazardous electrical voltage (>25V AC; >60V DC)

There are risks from electrical voltage during assembly and dismantling.

- The electrical connection of the solenoid must be carried out only by a qualified electrician.
- You may only plug the device socket in de-energized state.
- Disconnect the power supply off the solenoid prior to assembly or dismantling.

⚠ WARNING



Danger from pressurized pipelines

Pressurized pipelines may burst resulting in injuries.

- Depressurize pipe system and block the fluid stream prior to opening or dismantling the valve.

⚠ CAUTION



Risk of burns at the solenoid

Solenoid is heating up during operation. Touching the solenoid leads to risk of burns.

- Leave the solenoid to cool down before working at the valve.

Residual risks

| | |
|---|---|
|  | Weight of the valve Phases: transport, storage, assembly, maintenance, disposal Risk: falling off, tipping over Personal protection equipment (PPE): protective footwear |
|  | Hazardous fluids Phases: assembly, operation, maintenance, disposal Risk: skin contact, eye contact, breathing vapors PPE: protective gloves, protective eye glasses, breathing protection |
|  | Potentially explosive atmosphere Risk: danger of explosion ⚠ WARNING: Use solenoids and device sockets with Ex-protection. |
|  | Sharp threads and edges Phases: transport, assembly, maintenance, disposal Risk: risk of cuts PPE: protective gloves |

3 Avoid damage to property

NOTICE

Deposits and dirt lead to malfunctions

If the control bores are clogged or the core is blocked by soil the valve no longer closes or opens.

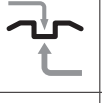

- Install a strainer (mesh size ≤ 0,25 mm) in front of the valve inlet **P** if necessary.

Damages through accumulation of heat

The solenoid will overheat during continuous duty if the heat can not be radiated. This may shorten the solenoid coil's product life cycle.

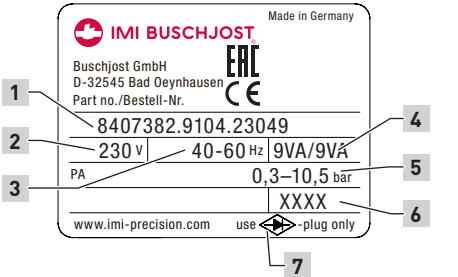
- You must not cover the solenoid with paint.
- You must not encase the solenoid in a tight housing or in a thermal insulation.

Residual risks

| | |
|---|---|
|  | Pressure against valve outlet Valve only firmly closes in flow direction. |
|  | Fluid freezing The valve is not designed to withstand the fluid freezing. |

4 Identifying the valve

The rating plate is situated on the solenoid body.



Rating plate (example)

- 1 Order number
- 2 Operating voltage
- 3 Frequency of voltage
- 4 Power consumption inrush/hold
- 5 Operating pressure range
- 6 Date of manufacture (week/year)
- 7 If this marking is shown on the rating plate: use device socket with bridge rectifier

5 Transport and storage

NOTICE

Damage of the valve

Valve may be damaged if foreign particles get into the valve.

- Only transport and store valve in its delivery packaging.
- Leave blanking plugs inside valve inlet and valve outlet prior to assembly.

prolonged storage at –10°C to +20°C

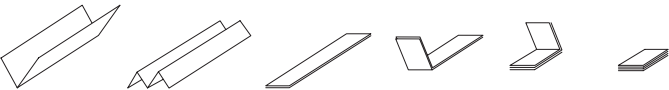
Avoid during transport:

| |
|--|
| mechanical loads: falling off, tipping over |
| damages to the electrical terminal elements |

Avoid during storage:

| |
|--|
| thermal stress: permanently increased storage temperatures; distance to heat sources < 1m |
| chemical load: at the storing site through solvents, chemicals, acids, fuels and similar |
| weather conditions: at construction sites strong, watertight containers are necessary |

Unfavourable storing conditions may reduce the service life of the sealing materials



7 Mounting

NOTICE

Damage of the valve

The valve may be damaged through inappropriate installation.

- Only trained and authorized specialists may install the valve.
- Only use appropriate tools and suitable sealing materials.
- Make sure that the valve is mounted in flow direction.
- Make sure not to distort the valve body, particularly in case of a misaligned pipe-work.

There must be no mechanical loads applied to the solenoid.

- Do not use solenoid as a lever during mounting.
- Do not put down the valve on the solenoid body.

Valve only firmly closes in flow direction. Inflow against the valve's flow direction may lead to the destruction of components.

- Implement adequate measures if back flow is to be expected; for example by adding check valves to the pipe system.

The valve may get damaged by external loads at the operating site.

- Protect the mounted valve from possible impact load.
- Protect the mounted valve from direct impact of weather conditions.

7.1 Conditions of installation

Compliance with operating limits

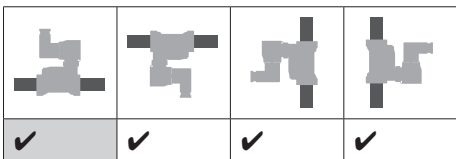
Ensure to comply with the operating limits prior to mounting the valve. Observe the data-sheet of the valve.

Planning of the pipe system

Buschjost recommends to include manual stop valves and drain valves in the plant so that the pipe system may be depressurized and drained prior to working on the valve.

Mounting position of the valve

The mounting position is not determined, preferably: Solenoid vertical on top

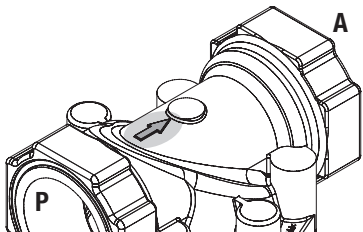


7.2 Preparation

- Check the valve for externally visible damages.
- Make sure that there is enough free space for dismantling the valve in case of maintenance.
- **WARNING** Depressurize the pipe system.
- **NOTICE** Clean the pipe system prior to mounting the valve.

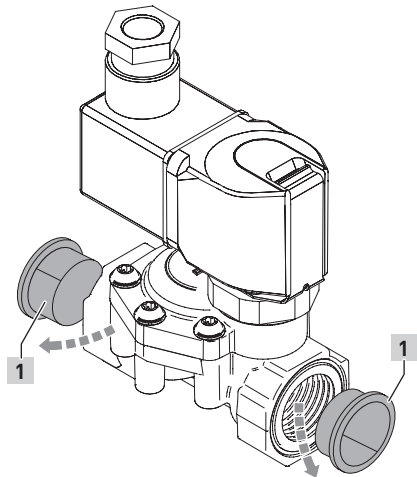
7.3 Mount valve to pipeline

- Mount the valve to the designated pipeline. Comply with existing connections.
- Arrange the valve according to the pipeline's flow direction. An arrow on the valve's body marks the flow direction.



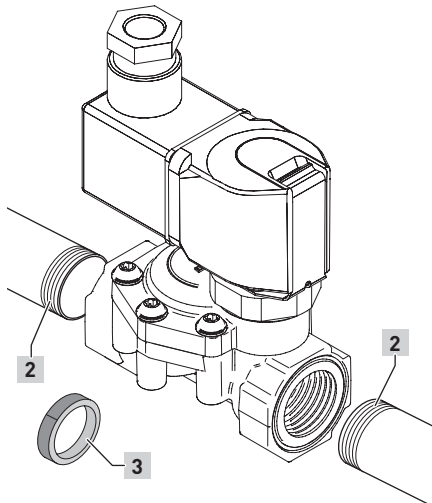
Arrow shows flow direction

1. **NOTICE** Take valve out of the packaging immediately prior to mounting.
2. Take out the blanking plugs **1** from valve inlet and valve outlet.



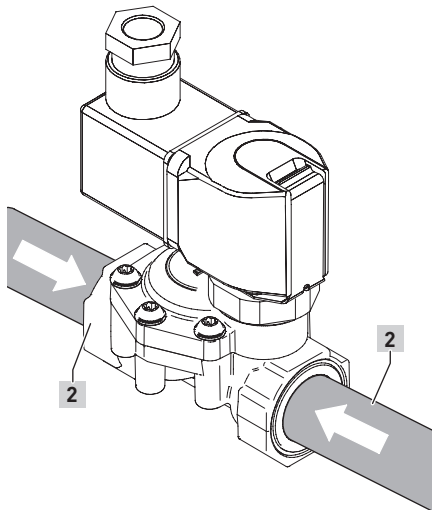
Take out blanking plugs

3. Install a strainer in front of the valve inlet **P** if necessary.
4. Firmly seal the threads of the pipeline **2** with an appropriate sealing material (e.g. PTFE sealing tape **3**).



Firmly seal pipeline's thread

5. Attach the pipelines to the valve. **NOTICE** Make sure not to distort the valve body.
6. Attach pipeline threads **2** to the connection threads of the valve.



Connect valve with pipeline

8 Connect solenoid electrically

- Always connect the device socket which was delivered by Buschjost.

⚠ DANGER



Hazardous electrical voltage (>25V AC; >60V DC)

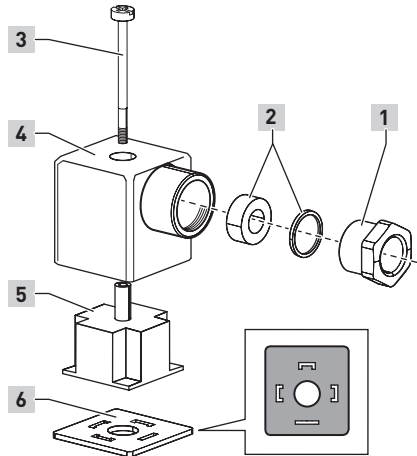
There are high risks from electrical voltage during assembly works.

- Work on electrical installations may be carried out by a qualified and authorized electrician only (refer to 1.8).
- You must connect the earth wire to the terminal marked with the grounding symbol \oplus .
- You may only plug the device socket in de-energized state.
- Ensure correct polarity while connecting live wires to terminals marked **+** and **-**.

Faulty connection causes risks.

- After connecting to solenoid carefully close the terminal compartment to restore protection.
- To secure IP65 protection after connecting: Carefully close the device socket. Check whether the flat seal between solenoid and device socket is properly seated. Check whether the cable gland is properly sealed.

- Connect solenoid in accordance with the electrical regulations.
- Use a **round** cable with diameters from 5 to 10 mm. The wire cross section must not exceed 1.5 mm².

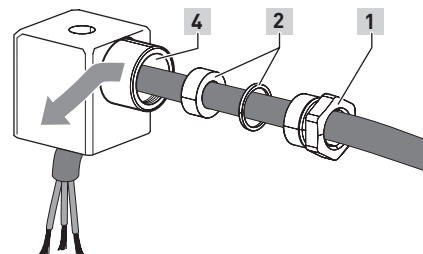


Overview: device socket

- 1 Pressure screw
- 2 Washers
- 3 Middle screw
- 4 Housing of the device socket
- 5 Socket insert
- 6 Flat gasket

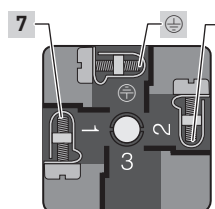
- Make sure that the flat gasket **6** and socket insert **5** are mounted congruently with the connecting lugs of the solenoid.

1. Slide pressure screw **1**, washers **2** and device socket's housing **4** on the cable.



Feed cable through device socket

2. Attach the protective conductor at first (insulation: yellow/green) to the terminal marked with the grounding symbol \oplus .

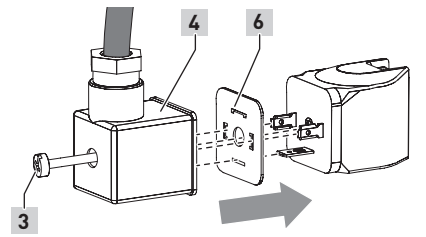


Configuration of the socket insert

- \oplus Protective earth (PE)
- 7 Terminal 1
- 8 Terminal 2

3. Attach the other wires to the terminals **7** and **8** of the socket insert **5**. **DANGER** Ensure correct polarity while connecting live wires to terminals marked **+** and **-**.
4. Put the housing of the device socket **4** in the chosen position (9 o'clock, 12 o'clock, 3 o'clock) onto socket insert **5**.
5. Tighten pressure screw **1** to cable gland. **NOTICE** Cable gland must firmly seal.

6. Pull protective cap from the plug contacts of the solenoid.
7. Attach flat gasket **6** and housing **4** with socket insert to the solenoid. **⚠ DANGER** Make sure that the seal is evenly positioned on the entire surface between solenoid and device socket.



Place mounted device socket

8. Tighten middle screw **3** with 40 Ncm. **NOTICE** The housing must not show signs of deformation.

tightening torque: 40 Ncm \pm 10 Ncm

9 Operating conditions

- Ensure that all operating limits of the valve are considered during the configuration of the overall system.

10 Commissioning

Checking switching function

- Check the switching function of the valve without fluid prior to flooding the valve and exposing valve to the operating pressure. A metallic clicking sound must be heard during the electrical actuation of the valve.

Flooding the valve

1. Check whether all connections to pipelines are firmly sealed.
2. Slowly increase the pressure to flood the valve. Thus to prevent pressure hammers. **⚠ WARNING** To fast flooding of the valve may lead fluid to escape. **NOTICE** Do not exceed the maximum operating pressure.

Checking for tightness and strength

- **⚠ NOTICE** The valve must not be operated during these tests (A, B). Ensure to increase the pressure slowly. After each test, depressurize the valve outlet first.

- **A / Internal parts:** Close the valve (solenoid of NC valves de-energized; NO energized). Flood the valve. Pressurize up to the maximum operating pressure. There must be no fluid escape.

- **B / Valve body:** Open the valve (solenoid of NC valves energized; NO de-energized). Flood the valve. Pressurize maximum up to 1.5 times of the nominal pressure rating (PN) at room temperature. Apply soap sud to the outer sealing edges and check for the formation of bubbles. There must be no bubbles appear.

11 Operation

Actuate valve periodically

- **NOTICE** Actuate the valve at least once a month to prevent functional parts getting blocked.



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